



Centre Anti-Poison pour le Québec: (800) 463-5060
Tél. (Qc): (418) 660-8666 / 800-890-8666
Fax. (Qc): (418) 660-8998

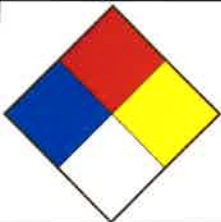
SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 01 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier MMC-30097 Kalling's Etchant		Product Use Laboratory use	
Chemical formula -		Product code MMC-30097	Molar weight
Chemical name / Commercial name / Synonymous Kalling's Etchant			
Supplier's name Laboratoire MAT		Address-Street 610, Adanac Street	
City Québec		Province Québec	
Postal code G1C 7B7	Internet www.labmat.com	Phone number 418-660-8666 / 800-890-8666	
Emergency phone	CANUTEC: 613-996-6666	CENTRE ANTI-POISON DU QUÉBEC 800-463-5060	
Date SDS 10/1/2019	SDS Prepared by Laboratoire MAT	E-Mail labmat@labmat.com	

SECTION 02 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification WHIMS / GHS	Flammable liquids category 3 Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Serious eye damage category 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single exposure category 1 Acute toxicity - Oral category 4 Acute toxicity - Inhalation category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation - Skin corrosion category 1 Corrosive to metals-Category 1	
Signal Word	DANGER	
Hazards statements (H)	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H370 Causes damage to organs.. H290 May be corrosive to metals.	
Precautionary statements (P)	P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray. P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray. P264 Wash the areas of the body that have been in contact with the product after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or a doctor. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P321 Specific treatment (see section 4 of the SDS and on this label). P330 Rinse mouth. P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use water spray or alcohol-resistant foam, or dry powder or carbon dioxide for extinction. P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations or contact a specialist waste disposal company. P234 Keep only in original container. P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. P406 Store in a corrosion resistant container / or a container with corrosion resistant liner.	
PICTOGRAMS		

Other dangers	NFPA (Risk: 0=No risk; 1=Slight; 2=Moderate; 3=Signifiant; 4=Extreme)
	Health 2 Fire 3 Reactivity 0 Special danger

SECTION 03 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingrédients (Dénomination chimique / synonymes)	Numéro CAS et tout identificateur unique	Concentration (%)
Méthanol	67-56-1	39
Acide chlorhydrique	7647-01-0	21
Chlorure cuivrique dihydrate	10125-13-0	2,5
Eau	7732-18-5	37

SECTION 04 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye contact	Wash eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart to rinse eyes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove soiled clothing. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Consult a physician.
Ingestion	If the person is conscious, rinse the mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Consult a physician.
Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)	Ref. section 11.
Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary	In case of medical consultation, keep this sheet available.
General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

SECTION 05 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability	Yes
Ignition conditions	Strong oxidizing agents, heat, sparks and open flame. Flammable in the presence of a source of ignition when the temperature is above the flash point. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flame/hot surface.
Suitable extinguishing media	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use a heavy water stream.
Dangerous fumes - combustion	Carbon oxides.
Hazardous combustion / decomposition products	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. Carbon oxides. - Hydrogen chloride gas, copper oxides.
Special fire and explosion hazards	When concentrated, the product reacts according to the following characteristics: May react violently with incompatible products (Ref Section 10). Cupric chloride reacts violently with potassium and metallic sodium. Contact with acetylene may result in the formation of copper acetylide, an explosive, unstable, shock-sensitive compound.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Discard incompatible substances if this can be done without risk. Firefighters should be equipped with standard protective equipment, fireproof clothing, face mask, gloves, protective boots and, where appropriate, self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 06 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up / Personnal precautions, protective equipment	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Cut off all sources of ignition. Absorb the product with sand or vermiculite. Dilute residues with water, clean and rinse. Ensure a good ventilation of the premises. Dispose of residues in a container for disposal of hazardous materials. When handling, wear suitable safety equipment. Use breathing apparatus if necessary. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. Do not let product enter drains.
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SECTION 07 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Conditions for safe storage	Store in a cool, dry place. Protect from the sun's rays. Keep container tightly closed and store away from heat, water, moisture, and incompatible products. Use venting and electrical equipment that is grounded and does not produce ignition sources (sparks).
Methods of handling	Always open containers slowly to allow any excess pressure to vent. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Bottle in glass or plastic containers. Do not use metal instruments to handle this product. Wear personal protective equipment when handling. Always ensure good ventilation. Transport according to TDG (ref Section 14)

SECTION 08 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Methanol	67-56-1	TWA	200.000000 ppm 262.000000 mg/m3	Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
Remarks	Substance may be readily absorbed through intact skin			
		STEL	250.000000 ppm 328.000000 mg/m3	Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
	Substance may be readily absorbed through intact skin			
		TWA	200.000000 ppm	Canada, British Columbia OEL
	Contributes significantly to the overall exposure by the skin route.			
		STEL	250.000000 ppm	Canada, British Columbia OEL
	Contributes significantly to the overall exposure by the skin route.			
		TWAEV	200.000000 ppm 262.000000 mg/m3	Québec, Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
	Skin (percutaneous)			
		STEV	250.000000 ppm 328.000000 mg/m3	Québec, Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
	Skin (percutaneous)			
		TWA	200.000000 ppm	USA, ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		STEL	250.000000 ppm	USA, ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	(c)	2.000000 ppm 3.000000 mg/m3	Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
Remarks	Occupational exposure limit is based on irritation effects and its adjustment to compensate for unusual work schedules is not required			
		C	2.000000 ppm	Canada, British Columbia OEL
		C	5.000000 ppm 7.500000 mg/m3	Québec, Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
	A substance which may not be recirculated in accordance with section 108			
		(c)	2 ppm 3 mg/m3	Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
	Occupational exposure limit is based on irritation effects and its adjustment to compensate for unusual work schedules is not required			
		C	2 ppm	Canada, British Columbia OEL
		C	5 ppm 7.5 mg/m3	Québec, Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
	A substance which may not be recirculated in accordance with section 108			
		C	2.000000 ppm	USA, ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		C	2 ppm	USA, ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control Citric acid	
Cupric chloride (Dihydrate)	10125-13-0	No data available	TLV, TWA, STEL	Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)

	No data available	TLV, TWA, STEL	Canada. British Columbia OEL
	No data available	TLV, TWA, STEL	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants

Data source	Sigma-Aldrich (Millipore Sigma)
Ventilation	Fan.
Respiratory	If the permissible levels are exceeded, use a mechanical filter / cartridge against NIOSH vapors or a respirator with air supply.
Gloves	Handle with gloves.
Eyes	Safety goggles with safety shutters.
Shoes	Safety shoes.
Clothing	Labcoat. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.
Engineering control	Have safety showers and eyewash stations in the workplace in case of an emergency and a ventilation system to maintain the level of concentrations in the air below the exposure limit values.

SECTION 09 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	Liquid.
Appearance	Liquide vert foncé kaki.
Odour	Donnée non disponible.
Odour threshold	Data not available
pH	<2.
Melting point / Freezing point	Data not available
Initial boiling point	Data not available
Boiling range	Data not available
Flash point	Data not available
Evaporation rate	Data not available
Flammability	Yes
Lower flammable / Explosive limit	Data not available
Upper flammable / Explosive limit	Data not available
Vapour pressure	Data not available
Solubility	Miscible avec l'eau en toutes proportions.
Vapour density	Data not available
Relative density	1,020g/ml
Partition coefficient water/n-octanol	Data not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Data not available
Decomposition temperature	Data not available
Viscosity	Data not available

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Non-reactive under normal conditions.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Stable under normal conditions. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
Conditions of instability (Including sensitivity to shock / static discharge / vibration)	Avoid contact with incompatible materials and extreme temperatures. Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible material	When pure, the products react with the following products: Bases, Amines, alkali metals, metals, permanganates, fluorine, metal acetylides, hexalithium disilicide. Acetylene, potassium and sodium metal, alkali metals and moisture. Acids, Oxidants, Acid Chlorides, Acid Anhydrides, Alkali Metals, Reducing Agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Hydrogen chloride gas Carbon oxides. - Copper oxides To our knowledge, the products of decomposition have not been fully studied.

COPPER (II) CHLORIDE DIHYDRATE

Routes of exposure	Inhalation, skin and eyes.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	Severe irritation may result in copper deposition and opacification of ocular tissue (Wilson's disease).
- Skin	Irritation and dermatitis. Intense and prolonged exposure may cause severe irritation and burns to exposed surfaces.
- Inhalation	Irritation of the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Nervous disorders, chest pain, cough, dyspnea, headache, dizziness, tearing, sweating, salivation, nausea and vomiting.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	Irritation of the mucous membranes. Abdominal pain, liver (cirrhosis) and kidney damage, cramps, diarrhea, headache, dizziness, sweating, salivation, convulsions, tachycardia, hypotension, coma and can lead to death.
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	Burning sensation, dermatitis, conjunctivitis, eye and lung damage, nerve disorders, chest pain, cough, dyspnoea, laryngitis, headache, dizziness, confusion, irritability, metallic taste in the mouth, sweating, salivation, anemia hemolytic, fever, weight loss and loss of appetite, nausea and vomiting.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LD50 Oral - Rat - 336 mg/kg LD50 Dermal - Rat - male -> 2,000 mg / kg LD50 Dermal - Rat - female - 1,224 mg / kg
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 - Inhalation - Data not available.

METHANOL

Routes of exposure	Ingestion, inhalation, skin and eyes.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	May cause eye irritation.
- Skin	Irritation and dermatitis.
- Inhalation	Irritation of the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Narcotic effects, chest pain, cough, dyspnea, headache, dizziness, watery eyes, paresthesia, nystagmus, drowsiness, confusion, nausea and vomiting.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	Irritation of the mucous membranes. Narcotic effects, liver, kidney and eye damage, abdominal pain, cramps, diarrhea, headache, dizziness, paresthesia, nystagmus, drowsiness, incoordination, acidosis, nausea and vomiting, seizures, hypotension, respiratory collapse, loss of consciousness, coma and can lead to death. Acute absorption of methanol can cause blindness. Damage to: liver, kidneys, eyes, heart, central nervous system.
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	Headache, dizziness, nausea, visual disturbances, decreased visual acuity, liver and kidney damage.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LD50 Oral - Rat - 1187 mg/kg LD50 Dermal - Lapin-15840 mg/kg
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 Inhalation - Rat: 64000 ppm/4 h. LC50 Inhalation - Rat 115.9-130.7mg/L air / 4h.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Routes of exposure	Ingestion, inhalation, skin and eyes.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	Severe burns and destruction of ocular tissue that can lead to corneal ulceration and blindness.
- Skin	Severe burns and tissue ulcerations. Perhaps fatal, if the extent of the burns is considerable.
- Inhalation	Spasms, irritation and inflammation of the nose, throat and lungs. Edema of the larynx and bronchi. Chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema that can lead to death.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	Corrosion and ulceration of the mouth, throat, esophagus, stomach and abdominal wall. Dysphagia, abdominal pain, cramps, diarrhea, melena, hematemesis, possible perforation of the esophagus and stomach, sweating, salivation.
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	Burning sensation, dermatitis, conjunctivitis, photophobia, lung and eye damage, chest pain, dental enamel abrasion, cough, dyspnoea, laryngitis, tracheobronchitis, headache, dizziness, fever, sweating, salivation, thirst.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	Oral 238-277 mg/Kg-Rat LD50 - Dermal 1449 mg/kg-Mouse
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 - Inhalation - 3124 ppm/1 h.-Rat

SUMMARY

Acute exposure effects / Symptoms:	By exposure routes below.
Ingestion	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
Inhalation	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
Skin	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
Eyes	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
Chronic exposure effects / Symptoms:	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
ETA Mix (Estimated Acute Toxicity)	LD50 Oral: 891 mg/kg - Rat LD50 Dermal: > 5000 mg/kg - Undefined species LC50 Inhalation: 3088 ppm - 4h - Undefined species

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	Hydrochloric acid: Toxicity to fish LC50 - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) - 24.6 mg/l - 96 h (Hydrochloric acid) Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 4.91 mg/l - 48 h (Hydrochloric acid) Methanol: Toxicity to fish: mortality LC50 - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) - 15,400.0 mg/l - 96 h. Copper(II) chloride: Toxicity to fish: LC50 - Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 0.12 - 0.23 mg / l - 96.0 h LC50 - Lepomis macrochirus - 0.9 mg / l - 96.0 h NOEC - Ictalurus punctatus - 0.013 mg / l - 60 d
Persistence and degradability	Data not available.
Bioaccumulative potential	Data not available.
Mobility in soil	Data not available.
Other adverse effects	Harmful to aquatic life. Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method	Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations / or contact a specialist waste disposal company.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number	3286
UN Proper shipping name	LIQUIDE INFLAMMABLE TOXIQUE, CORROSIF N.S.A.
Transport hazard class(es)	3 Flammable liquids 6.1 Toxic substances 8 Corrosive substances
Packing group	II
Limited quantity index	1L
ERAP Index	-
Special precautions	16 (Méthanol, Acide chlorhydrique)

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHIMS CANADA	Flammable liquids category 3 Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Serious eye damage category 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single exposure category 1 Acute toxicity - Oral category 4 Acute toxicity - Inhalation category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation - Skin corrosion category 1 Corrosive to metals-Category 1
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SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Laboratoire MAT Inc. shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

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