

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

## **SECTION 01 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Product Identifier				Product Use	
4-AMINOBENZOÏC ACID				Laboratory use	
Chemical formula			2	Product code	Molar weight
H <sub>2</sub> NC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> H				AR-0123	137,14
Chemical name / Commercial name / Synonymous 4-AMINOBENZOIC ACID, p-AMINOBENZOIC ACID, ACIDE ACARBOXYANILINE, p-CARBOXYPHENYLAMINE, PABA, VITA/				QUE, 1-AMINO-4-CARBOXYBENZE	NE, 4-
Supplier's name			Address-Street		
Laboratoire MAT			610, Adanac Street		
City			Province		
Québec			Québec		
Postal code	tal code Internet		Phone number		
G1C 7B7 www.labmat.com		418-660-8666 Lun-Ven 8h-16h			
Emergency phone	418-660-8666 Lun-Ven 8h-16h		CENTRE ANTI-POISON DU QUÉBEC 800-463-5060		
Date SDS	Date SDS SDS Prepared by			E-Mail	
1/18/2024 Laboratoire MA		Г	labmat@labmat.com		

### **SECTION 02 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Classification WHIMS / GHS	Not a hazardous substance according to WHMIS 2015	
Other dangers		NFPA (Risk: 0=No risk; 1=Slight; 2=Moderate; 3=Signifiant; 4=Extreme)
	Health Fire Reactivity Special danger	

# **SECTION 03 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Ingrédients (Dénomination chimique / synonymes)	Numéro CAS et tout identificateur unique	Concentration (%P/P)
Acide 4-aminobenzoïque	150-13-0	<=100

### **SECTION 04 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Eye contact	Wash eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart to rinse eyes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove soiled clothing. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	Move the unwell person to the fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Consult a physician.
Ingestion	If the person is conscious, give water to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)	Main symptoms of high exposure: Nausea and vomiting. Fever. Nausea and vomiting. Rashes. Liver damage. Ref. section 11. Methemoglobinemia (methemoglobin level too high in the blood).
Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary	In case of medical consultation, keep this sheet available.
General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### **SECTION 05 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Data not available.
Hazardous combustion products	Hazardous combustion products formed under fire conditions: Nitrogen Oxides (NOx), Carbon Monoxide (CO), Carbon Dioxide (CO2), Ammonia.
	May form combustible dust concentrations in the air. On heating, formation of explosive mixtures with air possible. May react violently with incompatible products (Ref Section 10).
	Discard incompatible substances if this can be done without risk. Firefighters should be equipped with standard protective equipment, fireproof clothing, face mask, gloves, protective boots and, where appropriate, self-contained breathing apparatus.

### **SECTION 06 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Methods and materials for	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Pick
containment and cleaning up /	up with a shovel or broom, taking care not to scatter dust. Do NOT use mineral-based or clay-based
Personnal precautions, protective	absorbents. Dispose of residues in a container provided for the disposal of hazardous materials. Do not
equipment	let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## **SECTION 07 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and store away from heat, air, moisture and incompatible products. Store in cool place. Preferably refrigerate. Protect from sunlight and light. Air and light sensitive.
Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust or vapor is formed. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Wear personal protective equipment when handling. Always ensure good ventilation.

# **SECTION 08 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### Workplace control parameters

	CAS- No.	Control	Value	Basis
4- AMINOBENZOIC ACID	150- 13-0	TLV, TWA, STEL	No data available	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
		TLV, TWA, STEL		Canada. British Columbia OEL
		TLV, TWA, STEL		Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants

Ventilation	Use fan.
Respiratory	If work under the hood is not possible, or if the permissible levels are exceeded, use NIOSH cartridge respiratory protection, or an air-supplied respirator.
Gloves	Handle with gloves.
Eyes	Safety goggles with safety shutters.
Shoes	Safety shoes.
Clothing	Labcoat. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.
Engineering control	Have safety showers and eyewash stations in the workplace in case of an emergency and a ventilation system to maintain the level of concentrations in the air below the exposure limit values.

### **SECTION 09 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Physical state	Solid.
Appearance	poudre blanche.
Odour	Donnée non disponilble.
Odour threshold	Data not available
рН	Solution aqueuse 0.5% = pH 3.5.
Melting point / Freezing point	188-189°C
Initial boiling point	200°C
Flash point	171°C
Evaporation rate	Data not available
Flammability	No
Lower flammable / Explosive limit	Data not available
Upper flammable / Explosive limit	Data not available
Vapour pressure	Data not available
Vapour density	Data not available
Relative density	1.374g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility	Très peu soluble dans l'eau (2.5% à 100°C). Soluble dans l'alcool et l'éther.
Partition coefficient water/n-octanol	Data not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Data not available
Decomposition temperature	Data not available
Viscosity	Data not available

### **SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	Acid product, reacts strongly with strong bases. May react violently with incompatible substances.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions. May turn yellow if exposed to air and light for too long.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	In case of strong heating, possibility of formation of explosive mixtures with air. May react violently with incompatible substances. May form combustible dust concentrations in the air.
Conditions to avoid, including static discharge, shock or vibration	Avoid exposure to air, light and moisture. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Excess heat. Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents (nitric acid, perchloric acid, peroxides, chlorates and perchlorates), ferric salts, light, air, heat and humidity. Strong acid. Strong bases.
Hazardous decomposition products	Toxic vapors of nitrogen oxides, monoxide and carbon dioxide.

### **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 4-AMINOBENZOÏC ACID

Routes of exposure	Ingestion.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	May cause eye irritation.
- Skin	May cause skin irritation.
- Inhalation	Irritation of the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Nervous disorders, cough, dyspnea, headache, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	Irritation of the mucous membranes. Gastrointestinal disorders, cramps, diarrhea, headache, dizziness, convulsions, nausea and vomiting. Ingestion of a large dose may be accompanied by skin rash, methemoglobinemia and toxic hepatitis.
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	Burning sensation, nervous disorders, chest pain, cough, dyspnea, headache, dizziness, confusion, irritability, sweating, salivation, fatigue, nausea and vomiting.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LD50 Oral - Rat - 6000 mg/kg. LD50 Dermal: Data not available.
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 - Inhalation - Data not available.

#### **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

•	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Mortality LC50 - 10.3 mg/L - 48h. Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC - Daphnia (water flea) - 0.33 mg/l - 96.0 h. 0.337 mg/l - 21 d.
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.
Bioaccumulative potential	Data not available.
Mobility in soil	Data not available.
Other adverse effects	Data not available.

#### **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations, or contact a specialist waste disposal company.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of as unused product.

#### **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

UN Number	N/R
UN Proper shipping name	
Transport hazard class(es)	
Packing group	
Limited quantity index	
ERAP Index	
Special precautions	

#### **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

WHIMS CANADA	Not a hazardous substance according to WHMIS 2015
	THOI G HAZARGOOS SUBSTAINED GECOTAINING TO TYTIIVIIO 2015

#### **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Laboratoire MAT Inc. shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

Last Update: 1/18/2024