



Centre Anti-Poison pour le Québec: (800) 463-5060

Tél. (Qc): (418) 660-8666 / 800-890-8666


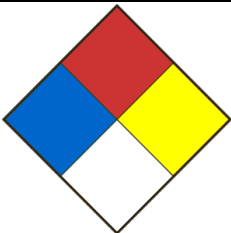
Fax. (Qc): (418) 660-8998

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SECTION 01 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier SODIUM HYDROXIDE (15%W/W) + STARCH (5%W/V)		Product Use Laboratory use	
Chemical formula -		Product code SS-0715	Molar weight
Chemical name / Commercial name / Synonymous -			
Supplier's name Laboratoire MAT		Address-Street 610, Adanac Street	
City Québec		Province Québec	
Postal code G1C 7B7	Internet www.labmat.com	Phone number 418-660-8666 / 800-890-8666	
Emergency phone	CANUTEC: 613-996-6666	CENTRE ANTI-POISON DU QUÉBEC 800-463-5060	
Date SDS 8/11/2020	SDS Prepared by Laboratoire MAT	E-Mail labmat@labmat.com	

## SECTION 02 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

<b>Classification WHIMS / GHS</b>	Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Serious eye damage category 1 Acute toxicity - Oral category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation - Skin corrosion category 1
<b>Signal Word</b>	DANGER
<b>Hazards statements (H)</b>	H302 Harmful if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye damage.
<b>Precautionary statements (P)</b>	P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray. P264 Wash the areas of the body that have been in contact with the product after handling. P270 Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P321 Specific treatment (see section 4 of the SDS and on this label). P330 Rinse mouth. P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations or contact a specialist waste disposal company.
<b>PICTOGRAMS</b>	
<b>Other dangers</b>	NFPA (Risk: 0=No risk; 1=Slight; 2=Moderate; 3=Signifiant; 4=Extreme)
	<b>Health</b> 2 <b>Fire</b> 0 <b>Reactivity</b> 0 <b>Special danger</b>

## SECTION 03 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingrédients (Dénomination chimique / synonymes)	Numéro CAS et tout identificateur unique	Concentration (%)
Hydroxyde de sodium	1310-73-2	15
Amidon	9005-25-8	4
Eau	7732-18-5	Balance

## SECTION 04 - FIRST AID MEASURES

<b>Eye contact</b>	Wash eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart to rinse eyes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove soiled clothing. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
<b>Inhalation</b>	If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Consult a physician.
<b>Ingestion</b>	If the person is conscious, give water to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
<b>Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)</b>	Ref. section 11.
<b>Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary</b>	In case of medical consultation, keep this sheet available.
<b>General advice</b>	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

## SECTION 05 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

<b>Flammability</b>	No
<b>Ignition conditions</b>	Not flammable or combustible.
<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Hazardous combustion / decomposition products</b>	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Sodium oxides. Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )
<b>Special fire and explosion hazards</b>	May react violently with incompatible products (Ref Section 10).
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Discard incompatible substances if this can be done without risk. Firefighters should be equipped with standard protective equipment, fireproof clothing, face mask, gloves, protective boots and, where appropriate, self-contained breathing apparatus.

## SECTION 06 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up / Personnel precautions, protective equipment</b>	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Absorb the product with sand or vermiculite. Dilute residues with water, clean and rinse. Ensure a good ventilation of the premises. Dispose of residues in a container for disposal of hazardous materials. When handling, wear suitable safety equipment. Use breathing apparatus if necessary.
----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## SECTION 07 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

<b>Conditions for safe storage</b>	Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container tightly closed and store away from heat, moisture and incompatible products.
<b>Methods of handling</b>	Always open containers slowly to allow any excess pressure to vent. Avoid breathing vapors, spray mists or gases. Wear personal protective equipment when handling. Always ensure good ventilation. Transport according to TDG (ref Section 14)

## SECTION 08 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis	
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	C	2.000000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Canada. British Columbia OEL	
		CEV	2.000000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Canada. Ontario OELs	
		(c)	2.000000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)	
Remarks	Occupational exposure limit is based on irritation effects and its adjustment to compensate for unusual work schedules is not required				
		C	2.000000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
		C	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis	
Starch, Soluble	9005-25-8	TWA	10.000000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)	
		TWA	10.000000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Canada. British Columbia OEL	
Remarks	The 8-hour TWA listed in the Table is for the total dust. The substance also has an 8-hour TWA of 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> for the respirable fraction.		A listed in the respirable fraction. TWA EV	the Table is for the fraction. 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	total dust. The substance also has an 8-hour TWA of Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
		TWAEV	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants	
	The standard corresponds to dust containing no asbestos and the percentage in crystalline silica is less than 1 %.		corresponds to dust containing TWA EV	10.000000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	no asbestos and the percentage in crystalline silica is Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
		TWAEV	10.000000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Canada. Ontario OELs	

<b>Data source</b>	Sigma-Aldrich (Millipore Sigma)
<b>Ventilation</b>	Fan.
<b>Respiratory</b>	If the permissible levels are exceeded, use a mechanical filter / cartridge against NIOSH vapors or a respirator with air supply.
<b>Gloves</b>	Handle with gloves.
<b>Eyes</b>	Safety goggles with safety shutters.
<b>Shoes</b>	Safety shoes.
<b>Clothing</b>	Labcoat. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.
<b>Engineering control</b>	Have safety showers and eyewash stations in the workplace in case of an emergency and a ventilation system to maintain the level of concentrations in the air below the exposure limit values.

## SECTION 09 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	Liquid.
Appearance	Liquide gélatineux, légèrement jaune à ambré-
Odour	Légèrement sucrée..
Odour threshold	Data not available
pH	~13.
Melting point / Freezing point	Data not available
Initial boiling point	Data not available
Boiling range	Data not available
Flash point	Data not available
Evaporation rate	Data not available
Flammability	No
Lower flammable / Explosive limit	Data not available
Upper flammable / Explosive limit	Data not available
Vapour pressure	Data not available
Solubility	Très légèrement soluble dans l'eau..
Vapour density	Data not available
Relative density	Data not available
Partition coefficient water/n-octanol	Data not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Data not available
Decomposition temperature	Data not available
Viscosity	Data not available

## SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Non-reactive under normal conditions.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions of instability (Including sensitivity to shock / static discharge / vibration)	Avoid contact with incompatible materials and extreme temperatures.
Incompatible material	When pure, the products react with the following products: Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, organic materials. Strong reducing agents. Aluminum and Zinc.
Hazardous decomposition products	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Sodium oxides. Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )

## SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Routes of exposure	Ingestion, inhalation, skin and eyes.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	Severe burns and destruction of ocular tissue that can lead to corneal ulceration and blindness.
- Skin	May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin burns.
- Inhalation	May be harmful if inhaled. Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	Corrosion of the digestive tract, bloody vomiting with mucous membrane fragments, diarrhea, inflammation of the larynx and possibility of oesophageal and gastric perforation, death.
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	Burning sensation, dermatitis, conjunctivitis, lung and eye damage, nerve disorders, chest pain, cough, dyspnea, laryngitis, headache, dizziness, confusion, irritability, sweating, salivation, tearing, fatigue, alopecia, loss weight loss and loss of appetite, seizures, nausea and vomiting.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	Oral rat: 140mg/kg Dermal rabbit: 1350mg/kg
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 - Inhalation - Data not available.

## STACH (SOLUBLE)

<b>Routes of exposure</b>	Ingestion, inhalation, skin and eyes.
<b>Acute exposition effects / symptoms:</b>	By exposure route below.
<b>- Eyes</b>	Irritation.
<b>- Skin</b>	Irritation. NOTE: Some cases of skin sensitization (urticaria) to the powder contained in surgical gloves are presented in the scientific literature. This powder is, however, largely composed of cornstarch derivatives (amylose, amylopectin).
<b>- Inhalation</b>	Irritation of the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Cough, dyspnea, headache and vertigo. Intense inhalation may cause respiratory allergy in certain susceptible individuals.
<b>Acute toxicity (Ingestion)</b>	Irritation of the mucous membranes. Gastrointestinal disorders, cramps, diarrhea, headache, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
<b>Chronic exposure effects / symptoms</b>	Burning sensation, nervous disorders, respiratory allergies, cough, dyspnea, headache, dizziness, confusion, irritability, nausea and vomiting.
<b>DL50 (specify species and route of entry)</b>	LD50 Oral - Data not available. LD50 Dermal - Data not available. Intraperitoneal LD50 - Mouse - 6.600 mg / kg
<b>CL50 (specify species and route of entry)</b>	LC50 - Inhalation - Data not available.

## SUMMARY

Acute exposure effects / Symptoms:	By exposure routes below.
Ingestion	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
Inhalation	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
Skin	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
Eyes	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
Chronic exposure effects / Symptoms:	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
ETA Mix (Estimated Acute Toxicity)	LD50 Oral: 933 mg/kg - Rat LD50 Dermal: > 5000 mg/kg - Rabbit LC50 Inhalation: No data available

## SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	Sodium hydroxide: Toxicity to fish: LC50 - <i>Gambusia affinis</i> (Mosquito fish) - 125 mg/l - 96 h Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: CL50 - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> (Truite arc-en-ciel) - 45.4 mg/l - 96 h Immobilisation CE50 - Immobilization EC50 - Daphnia - 40.38 mg/l - 48 h.
<b>Persistence and degradability</b>	Data not available.
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b>	Data not available.
<b>Mobility in soil</b>	Data not available.
<b>Other adverse effects</b>	An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Harmful to aquatic life.

## SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

<b>Waste Disposal Method</b>	Neutralize by slowly adding a solution of low hydrochloric acid concentration to avoid sudden temperature rise and vapor emission. Neutralization can cause the formation of heat or vapors that must be controlled by the rate at which solutions are added. The solution thus neutralized can be disposed as a household waste. For large quantities, contact a specialist waste disposal company.
<b>Contaminated Packaging</b>	Dispose of as unused product.

## SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number	1760
UN Proper shipping name	LIQUIDE CORROSIF, N.S.A. (Hydroxyde de sodium)
Transport hazard class(es)	8 Corrosive substances
Packing group	II
Limited quantity index	1L
ERAP Index	-
Special precautions	16

## SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHIMS CANADA	Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Serious eye damage category 1 Acute toxicity - Oral category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation - Skin corrosion category 1
--------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

### Further information

The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Laboratoire MAT Inc. shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

Last Update: 8/11/2020